

Parshiot Nitzavim / Vayelech

For the week ending 23 Elul 5759 3 & 4 September 1999

Parsha Questions

Nitzavim

- 1. What is the connection between the verse "atem nitzavim" and the curses in the previous parsha?
- 2. Who were the wood-choppers and water-carriers?
- 3. Why can Hashem never "swap" the Jewish people for another nation?
- 4. One who ignores the Torah's warnings "adds drunkenness to thirst." What does this mean?
- 5. What two cities were destroyed along with Sedom and Amorah?
- "The hidden things are for Hashem, our G-d, and 6. the revealed things are for us..." What does this mean?
- 7. According to Rashi, how will the day of the ingathering of the exiles be "great and difficult?"
- 8. Where is the Torah not to be found? Where is it to be found?
- 9. When and where did the Jewish People become culpable for each other's sins?
- 10. How do the earth and sky remind us to keep the mitzvot?

KASHA!

(kasha means "question")

How would you answer this question on the Parsha?

A covenant was made between Hashem and "those standing here with us today — in front of Hashem, our G-d — and those NOT here with us today (i.e., future generations)." How can future generations be obligated by a covenant which they never entered into?

Answer:

The souls of all future generations - although not physically "here with us today" - exist nevertheless "in front of Hashem, our G-d." These yet unborn souls entered the covenant, along with the rest of the Jewish People.

Kli Yakar

Vayelech

- 1. Moshe said, "I am 120 years old today. I am no longer able to go out and come in..." How do we know this does not refer to physical inability?
- Which of Moshe's statements to Yehoshua was later 2. contradicted by Hashem's command?
- 3. Why does the Torah refer to Succot of the eighth year as though it occurred during the shemita year?
- 4. Why does the Torah command that babies be brought to the Torah reading?
- 5. What does it mean that Hashem "hides His face?"
- 6. What function does the song *Ha'azinu* serve?
- Which verse promises that the Torah will never be 7 totally forgotten?
- What is the difference of opinion regarding the 8. placing of the Torah scroll which Moshe gave the levi'im?
- 9. On the day of Moshe's death, why didn't Moshe gather the people by blowing trumpets as he normally would have?
- 10. Moshe said, "For I know that after my death you will act corruptly," but, in fact, this didn't occur until after Yehoshua's death. What does this teach us?

I Did Not Know That!

The first letters of the words "Mi Ya'aleh Lanu Hashamaimah" — who will go up to the heavens for us? spell "mila" (circumcision). The last letters spell Hashem's name. Brit Mila prepares a person for his heavenly climb towards G-dliness.

Ba'al Haturim (30:12)

Written and Compiled by Rabbi Reuven Subar General Editor: Rabbi Moshe Newman ohr@virtual.co.il

RZCorlin@aol.com or estern@Aol.com

Somayach@MSN.com

Recommended Reading List

	Ramban		Sforno
29:18 29:28 31:1 31:2	Refusing the Covenant Accidental Sins Bidding Farewell Loss of Knowledge	29:18 30:6 30:9-10 31:18	Denying the Curse Cleaving to Hashem Our Own Merit Hiding of Hashem
		612 613	Sefer Hachinuch The Gathering Writing a <i>Sefer Torah</i>

Answers to this Week's Questions

All references are to the verses and Rashi's commentary, unless otherwise stated

Nitzavim

- 29:12 The Jewish People asked, "Who can survive such curses?" Moshe responded, "You've done a lot to anger Hashem, and yet — "*atem nitzavim*" you're still standing before Him."
- 2. 29:10 Canaanites who joined the Jewish People under false pretenses.
- 3. 29:12 Because Hashem swore to their ancestors that He would never do so.
- 4. 29:18 He causes Hashem to reckon his unintentional sins alongside his intentional ones, punishing him for all.
- 5. 29:22 Admah and Tsevoyim.
- 6. 29:28 There is collective culpability only for "open" sins, but not for "hidden" ones.
- 7. 30: 3 It will be as if Hashem needs to take each individual by the hand and lead him out of exile.
- 8. 30:12-15 The Torah is not found in heaven nor across the ocean. Rather, it is "very close to you, in your mouth and in your heart."
- 9. 30:28 When they crossed the Jordan and accepted the oath on Mt. Eval and Mt. Grizim.
- 30:19 The earth and heavenly bodies, although receiving neither reward nor punishment, always obey Hashem's will. How much more should we, who stand to receive reward or punishment, obey Hashem.

Vayelech

- 31:2 Because verse 34:7 says "His (Moshe's) eye never dimmed, and his (youthful) moisture never departed."
- 2. 31:7 Moshe told Yehoshua to share his leadership with the Elders. Hashem later commanded Yehoshua to rule alone.
- 3. 31:10 Because the laws of the seventh year still apply to the harvest.
- 4. 31:12 To give reward to those who bring them.
- 5. 31:17 He ignores their distress.
- 6. 31:21 It warns what will befall the Jewish People if they abandon Torah.
- 7. 31:21 "For (the Torah) will not be forgotten from the mouth of their offspring."
- 8. 31:26 Whether it was placed outside but adjacent to the Ark, or inside next to the Tablets.
- 9. 31:28 Blowing the trumpets expressed Moshe's dominion, and "there is no dominion on the day of death." (*Kohelet 8*)
- 10. 31:29 That a person's student is as dear to him as himself As long as Yehoshua was alive, it was as though Moshe himself were alive.

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